Data Classification

Responsible Executive: Chief Information Officer, Weill Cornell Medicine
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Policy Statement
In order to protect the security and integrity of Weill Cornell Medicine data, as well as to comply with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, all Weill Cornell Medicine data must be classified as either High Risk, Moderate Risk, or Low Risk. Data stewards and data owners are responsible for this classification.

Reason for Policy
Information technology and data constitute valuable Weill Cornell Medicine assets. Depending on their classification, these assets are additionally subject to state and federal regulation. This policy is designed to provide a launching point for facilitating compliance with these regulations and adherence to commonly accepted security best practices.

Entities Affected by this Policy
All units of Weill Cornell Medicine, including Weill Cornell Medicine-Qatar.

Who Should Read this Policy
All members of the Weill Cornell Medicine community utilizing Weill Cornell Medicine information technology resources. All stewards and custodians of Weill Cornell Medicine data.

Web Address of this Policy
https://its.weill.cornell.edu/policies

Contacts
Direct any questions about this policy, 11.03 – Data Classification, to Brian J. Tschinkel, Chief Information Security Officer, using one of the methods below:

- Office: (646) 962-2768
- Email: brt2008@med.cornell.edu
1. Classifications

The following risk categorization levels must be adhered to when determining classification for Weill Cornell Medicine data:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>High Risk</th>
<th>Moderate Risk</th>
<th>Low Risk</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Protected health information</td>
<td>• Student records, except where covered under high risk</td>
<td>• Public websites</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Personally identifiable information</td>
<td>• Unpublished regulated research data</td>
<td>• Public Directory data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Financial data</td>
<td>• De-identified health-related research data</td>
<td>• Otherwise unrestricted research data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Employment records</td>
<td>• Operational data</td>
<td>• Press releases</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Research data involving human subjects</td>
<td>• Intellectual property</td>
<td>• Job postings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)</td>
<td>• Donors or potential donors</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• User account or system passwords providing access to above elements</td>
<td>• Information security data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Other internal data, limited by intention or discretion of author or owner</td>
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Please review the detailed bullets below for additional details.

1.01 High Risk

This includes data that could have a significant adverse impact on Weill Cornell Medicine’s safety, finances, or reputation if improperly disclosed. High Risk data includes, without limitation, the following:

- Protected health information (PHI), as defined in Title 45 CFR §160.103, is individually identifiable health information that is (i) transmitted by electronic media; (ii) maintained in electronic media; or (iii) transmitted or maintained in any other form or medium. Protected health information excludes individually identifiable health information (i) in education records covered by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1232g; (ii) in records described at 20 U.S.C. 1232g(a)(4)(B)(iv); (iii) in employment records held by a covered entity in its role as employer; and (iv) regarding a person who has been deceased for more than 50 years.

- Personally identifiable information (PII), as defined in GAO-08-536 Privacy Protection Alternatives, is any information about an individual maintained by an agency, including (1) any information that can be used to distinguish or trace an individual’s identity, such as name, Social Security number, date and place of birth, mother’s maiden name, or biometric records; and (2) any other information that is linked or linkable to an individual, such as medical, educational, financial, and employment information.

- Financial data, including data covered under the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (GLBA) and the information pertaining to credit cards covered by the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS).

- Employment records, including pay, benefits, personnel evaluations, and other staff records

- Research data involving human subjects that are subject to the Federal Policy for the Protection of Human Subjects (Common Rule) as defined in Title 45 CFR §46.101 et seq.

- Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI), as defined by the National Archives and Record Administration (NARA), is information that requires safeguarding or dissemination controls pursuant to and consistent with applicable laws, regulations, and government-wide policies, excluding information that is classified under Executive Order 13526, Classified National Security Information, December 29, 2009, or any predecessor or successor order, or Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.
• User account or system passwords that provide access to information systems or applications containing any of the above confidential data elements.

1.02 Moderate Risk
This includes information that would not cause material harm but has a moderate risk on Weill Cornell Medicine’s safety, finance, or operations if improperly disclosed. Moderate Risk data requires protection from unauthorized use, disclosure, modification, and/or destruction, but is not subject to any of the items listed in the confidential definition above. Data deemed Moderate Risk includes:

• Student records, including those protected under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), as amended, 20 U.S.C. 1232g, except where records are separately covered under confidential data.

• Unpublished data related to research and constrained by regulation or use agreements, unless containing elements in the high risk category or deemed high risk (confidential) by the oversight committees, including, but not limited to, the Institutional Review Board (IRB), Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC), Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC), Embryonic Stem Cell Research Oversight Committee (ESCRO), Radiation Safety Committee (RSC), or principal investigator.

• Health-related research data that has been de-identified in accordance with either the “Expert Determination” method [Title 45 CFR §164.514(b)(1)] or the “Safe Harbor” method [Title 45 CFR §164.514(b)(2)].

• Data related to Weill Cornell Medicine’s operations, finances, legal matters, audits, or other activities of a sensitive nature not intended for public disclosure.

• Data related to intellectual property of Weill Cornell Medicine, which may be patented or used for financial gain.

• Data related to donors or potential donors.

• Information security data, including private cryptographic keys for data transfer or data at rest, system configuration documentation, infrastructure or network diagrams, vulnerability and penetration assessments, and other data associated with security-related incidents occurring at Weill Cornell Medicine, except where pertaining or providing access to systems containing data in the high risk category.

• Any other internal Weill Cornell Medicine data—the distribution of which is limited by intention or discretion of the author, owner, or administrator.

1.03 Low Risk
This includes data that can be disclosed to any individual or entity inside or outside of Weill Cornell Medicine, with minimal risk to Weill Cornell Medicine’s safety, finance, or operations. Security measures may or may not be needed to control the dissemination of this type of data. Examples include:

• Data on public Weill Cornell Medicine websites, including data elements published as “Public” on the Directory (https://directory.weill.cornell.edu; see ITS policy 11.13 – Directory), such as email address, office phone number, office location, etc.

• Data related to research that is either published, publicly available, not intellectual property (as defined in Moderate Risk), or not constrained by regulation or use agreements.

• Press releases.

• Job postings.
# Revision History:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Revision</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 1, 2007</td>
<td></td>
<td>Policy implemented</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 25, 2016</td>
<td>Brian J. Tschinkel</td>
<td>Renamed classification categories and updated definitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 16, 2018</td>
<td>Brian J. Tschinkel</td>
<td>Clarified definitions of research data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 19, 2021</td>
<td>Brian J. Tschinkel</td>
<td>Added CUI to High Risk category</td>
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<tr>
<td>March 3, 2023</td>
<td>Brian J. Tschinkel</td>
<td>Updated policy template</td>
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